

Year 9

The proficiency strands **understanding**, **fluency**, **problem-solving** and **reasoning** are an integral part of mathematics content across the three content strands: number and algebra, measurement and geometry, and statistics and probability.

At this year level:

- **understanding** includes describing the relationship between graphs and equations, simplifying a range of algebraic expressions and exploring the use of relative frequencies to estimate probabilities and of the trigonometric ratios for right-angle triangles
- **fluency** includes applying the index laws to expressions with integer indices, expressing numbers in scientific notation, using outcomes for experiments, developing familiarity with calculators involving the Cartesian plane and calculating areas of shapes and surface areas of prisms
- **problem-solving** includes formulating and modelling practical situations involving surface areas and volumes of right prisms, applying ratio and scale factors to similar figures, solving problems involving right-angle trigonometry and collecting data from secondary sources to investigate at least
- **reasoning** includes following mathematical arguments, evaluating media reports and using statistical knowledge to clarify situations, developing strategies in investigating similarity and sketching linear graphs.

By the end of Year 9, students solve problems involving simple interest. They interpret ratio and scale factors in similar figures. Students explore similarity of triangles. They recognise the connections between similarity and the trigonometric ratios. Students compare techniques for collecting data from primary and secondary sources. They make sense of the position of the mean and median in skewed, symmetric and bi-modal displays to describe and interpret data.

Year 10

The proficiency strands **understanding**, **fluency**, **problem-solving** and **reasoning** are an integral part of mathematics content across the three content strands: number and algebra, measurement and geometry, and statistics and probability.

At this year level:

- **understanding** includes applying the four operations to algebraic fractions, finding unknowns in formulas after substitution, making the connection between equations of relations and their graphs, comparing simple and compound interest in financial contexts and determining probabilities of two- and three-step experiments
- **fluency** includes factoring and expanding algebraic expressions, using a range of strategies to solve equations and using calculators to investigate the slope of data sets
- **problem-solving** includes calculating the surface area and volume of a chosen range of prisms to solve practical problems, finding unknown lengths and angles using applications of trigonometry, using algebraic and graphical techniques to find solutions to simultaneous equations and inequalities and investigating independence of events
- **reasoning** includes formulating geometric proofs involving congruence and similarity, interpreting and evaluating media statements and interpreting and comparing data sets.

By the end of Year 10, students recognise the connection between simple and compound interest. They solve problems involving linear equations and inequalities. They make the connections between algebraic and graphical representations of relations. Students solve surface area and volume problems relating to composite solids. They recognise the relationships between parallel and perpendicular lines. Students apply deductive reasoning to proofs and numerical exercises involving plane shapes.